Name _____

LAB: IGNEOUS ROCKS

Identify rocks from Rock Sets and Unknowns:

Rock Sets: 1. Identify and describe Samples #1-18.

Identify the minerals (visible) in samples that have porphyritic and pegmatitic textures.

 For the last column (rock origin/history), indicate whether rock is plutonic or volcanic, and its cooling history: rapid, slow, or 2-stage cooling (slow then rapid), lava flow, explosive.

<u>Unknowns:</u> 3. Identify Unknown igneous rock samples. <u>Identify ALL minerals</u> large enough to see.

Questions: Answer the following questions (use Bowen's Reaction Series):

Which of the phaneritic unknown rocks formed at the highest temperature? # _____ name: _____

Which of the phaneritic unknown rocks formed at the lowest temperature? # _____ name: _____

Would you expect to find <u>quartz</u> and <u>olivine</u> together in an igneous rock? Explain your answer.

List four black minerals commonly found in igneous rocks :

Classification of Igneous Rocks

Mineral	Felsic	Ir	ntermediate	Mafic	Ultramafic	
Composition Texture	>10% quartz >70% Feldspar, biotite, muscovite, hornblende, tourmaline	0- 50- 30-5 (es	-10% quartz -70% feldspar 50% dark mins p hornblende)	No quartz <50% feldspar >50% dark mins (olivine,pyx,hbl)	Olivine and/or Pyroxene 0-5% feldspar	
Pegmatitic (crystals>1 cm)	Granite pegmatite	Dio	rite pegmatite	Gabbro pegmatite		
Phaneritic (coarse crystals)	Granite		Diorite	Gabbro	Peridotite=olivine+pyrox Dunite= olivine Pyroxenite=pyroxene	
Aphanitic (micro crystals)	Rhyolite		Andesite	Basalt		
Porphyritic (scattered visible crystals in aphanitic matrix)	Rhyolite Porphyry	Dacite	Andesite Porphyry	Basalt Porphyry		
Glassy	Obsidian	,	ļ			
Frothy (glassy+vesicles) -lightweight	Pumice		Pumice	Basaltic pumice		
Pyroclastic - Ash (fragments<2 mm)	Tuff					
Pyroclastic - (rock fragments>2 mm)	Volcanic Rhyolite breccia	Brecc Andes	i a: site breccia	Basalt breccia		

Additional Textures:

Porphyritic - 2 **distinct** sizes of crystals or scattered visible crystals in a microcrystalline groundmass. **Vesicular**

Amygdaloidal - filled vesicles

Recognizing Minerals in Igneous Rocks

Mineral	Properties
Potassium Feldspar	Usually white or pink Rectangular crystals; cleavage
Plagioclase Feldspar	Usually white or gray Rectangular crystals; cleavage, may see striations
Quartz	Colorless to gray, translucent and vitreous Irregular or equidimensional crystals
Muscovite Mica	Silvery white, vitreous One cleavage, thin flexible crystals
Biotite Mica	Black, vitreous One cleavage, thin flexible crystals
Hornblende (Amphibole)	Black, usually satiny Splintery elongate crystals, stepped cleavage
Augite (Pyroxene)	Black, greenish black, brownish black (bronzy) Vitreous to dull, blocky crystals
Olivine	Green to yellow green, vitreous granular
Tourmaline	Black, vitreous Striations, may have triangular cross sections

<u>Igneous Rock Chart – Rock Set</u>

#	Texture	Composition	Visible Minerals	Rock Name	Volcanic/Plutonic	Rock History
	Phaneritic, Aphanitic,	Felsic, Intermediate, Mafic				
	Porphyritic					
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
5						
6						
0						
8						
0						
9						
-						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						

16			
17			
18			

Igneous Rock Chart – Unknowns

#	Texture Phaneritic, Aphanitic, Porphyritic	Composition Felsic, Intermediate, Mafic	Visible Minerals	Rock Name	Volcanic/Plutonic	Rock History
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
8						
9						
10						